Chapter 3

ATOMS AND MOLECULES

Multiple Choice Questions

1.	Which of the following correctly represents 360 g of water? (i) 2 moles of $\rm H_2O$ (ii) 20 moles of water (iii) 6.022×10^{23} molecules of water (iv) 1.2044×10^{25} molecules of water (a) (i) (b) (i) and (iv) (c) (ii) and (iii) (d) (ii) and (iv)
2.	Which of the following statements is not true about an atom?(a) Atoms are not able to exist independently(b) Atoms are the basic units from which molecules and ions are formed(c) Atoms are always neutral in nature(d) Atoms aggregate in large numbers to form the matter that we can see feel or touch
3.	The chemical symbol for nitrogen gas is (a) Ni (b) $\rm N_2$ (c) $\rm N^+$ (d) N
4.	The chemical symbol for sodium is (a) So (b) Sd (c) NA (d) Na
5.	Which of the following would weigh the highest? (a) 0.2 mole of sucrose (C_{12} H_{22} O_{11}) (b) 2 moles of CO_{2} (c) 2 moles of $CaCO_{3}$ (d) 10 moles of $H_{2}O$
6.	Which of the following has maximum number of atoms? (a) $18g$ of H_2O (b) $18g$ of O_2 (c) $18g$ of CO_2 (d) $18g$ of CH_4
7.	Which of the following contains maximum number of molecules? (a) $1 {\rm g~CO}_2$ (b) $1 {\rm g~N}_2$ (c) $1 {\rm g~H}_2$ (d) $1 {\rm g~CH}_4$

8. Mass of one atom of oxygen is

(a)
$$\frac{16}{6.023 \times 10^{23}}$$
 g

(b)
$$\frac{32}{6.023 \times 10^{23}}$$
 g

(c)
$$\frac{1}{6.023 \times 10^{23}}$$
 g

- **9.** 3.42 g of sucrose are dissolved in 18g of water in a beaker. The number of oxygen atoms in the solution are
 - (a) 6.68×10^{23}
 - (b) 6.09×10^{22}
 - (c) 6.022×10^{23}
 - (d) 6.022×10^{21}
- **10.** A change in the physical state can be brought about
 - (a) only when energy is given to the system
 - (b) only when energy is taken out from the system
 - (c) when energy is either given to, or taken out from the system
 - (d) without any energy change

Short Answer Questions

11. Which of the following represents a correct chemical formula? Name it.

- 12. Write the molecular formulae for the following compounds
 - (a) Copper (II) bromide
 - (b) Aluminium (III) nitrate
 - (c) Calcium (II) phosphate
 - (d) Iron (III) sulphide
 - (e) Mercury (II) chloride
 - (f) Magnesium (II) acetate
- **13.** Write the molecular formulae of all the compounds that can be formed by the combination of following ions

- 14. Write the cations and anions present (if any) in the following compounds
 - (a) CH₃COONa
 - (b) NaCl
 - (c) H₂
 - (d) NH₄NO₃

15.	Give the formulae of the compounds formed from the following sets of elements
	(a) Calcium and fluorine
	(b) Hydrogen and sulphur
	(c) Nitrogen and hydrogen
	(d) Carbon and chlorine
	(e) Sodium and oxygen
	(f) Carbon and oxygen

- 16. Which of the following symbols of elements are incorrect? Give their correct symbols(a) Cobalt(b) CO
 - (b) Carbonc(c) Aluminiumd) HeliumHe(e) SodiumSo
- **17.** Give the chemical formulae for the following compounds and compute the ratio by mass of the combining elements in each one of them. (You may use appendix-III).
 - (a) Ammonia
 - (b) Carbon monoxide
 - (c) Hydrogen chloride
 - (d) Aluminium fluoride
 - (e) Magnesium sulphide
- 18. State the number of atoms present in each of the following chemical species
 - (a) CO_3^{2-}
 - (b) PO₄3-
 - (c) $P_{2}O_{5}$
 - (d) CO
- **19.** What is the fraction of the mass of water due to neutrons?
- **20.** Does the solubility of a substance change with temperature? Explain with the help of an example.
- **21.** Classify each of the following on the basis of their atomicity.
- **22.** You are provided with a fine white coloured powder which is either sugar or salt. How would you identify it without tasting?
- **23.** Calculate the number of moles of magnesium present in a magnesium ribbon weighing 12 g. Molar atomic mass of magnesium is 24g mol⁻¹.

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Long Answer Questions

- **24.** Verify by calculating that
 - (a) 5 moles of CO₂ and 5 moles of H₂O do not have the same mass.
 - (b) 240 g of calcium and 240 g magnesium elements have a mole ratio of 3:5.
- **25.** Find the ratio by mass of the combining elements in the following compounds. (You may use Appendix-III)

(a) CaCO₃

(d) C_9H_5OH

(b) MgCl₂

(e) NH₃

(c) H₂SO₄

(f) Ca(OH)₂

26. Calcium chloride when dissolved in water dissociates into its ions according to the following equation.

 $CaCl_{2}$ (aq) \rightarrow Ca^{2+} (aq) + $2Cl^{-}$ (aq)

Calculate the number of ions obtained from ${\rm CaCl_2}$ when 222 g of it is dissolved in water.

- **27.** The difference in the mass of 100 moles each of sodium atoms and sodium ions is 5.48002 g. Compute the mass of an electron.
- **28.** Cinnabar (HgS) is a prominent ore of mercury. How many grams of mercury are present in 225 g of pure HgS? Molar mass of Hg and S are 200.6 g mol⁻¹ and 32 g mol⁻¹ respectively.
- **29.** The mass of one steel screw is 4.11g. Find the mass of one mole of these steel screws. Compare this value with the mass of the Earth ($5.98 \times 10^{24} \text{kg}$). Which one of the two is heavier and by how many times?
- **30.** A sample of vitamic C is known to contain 2.58×10^{24} oxygen atoms. How many moles of oxygen atoms are present in the sample?
- **31.** Raunak took 5 moles of carbon atoms in a container and Krish also took 5 moles of sodium atoms in another container of same weight. (a) Whose container is heavier? (b) Whose container has more number of atoms?
- **32.** Fill in the missing data in the Table 3.1

Table 3.1

Species	${ m H_{_2}O}$	$\mathrm{CO}_{\!_2}$	Na atom	MgCl_2
Property No. of moles	2	_	_	0.5
No. of particles	_	3.011×10^{23}	_	_
Mass	36g	_	115 g	_

33. The visible universe is estimated to contain 10^{22} stars. How many moles of stars are present in the visible universe?

22 Exemplar Problems

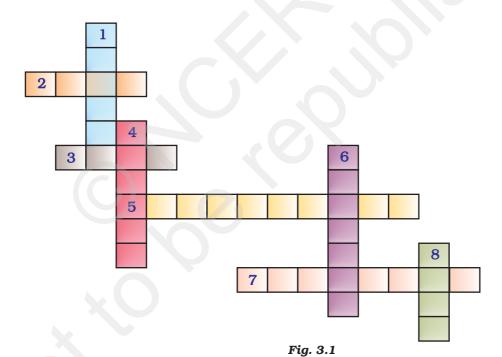
U -1 .	What is the SI prefix for each of the following multiples and submultiples of a unit?				
	(a) 10^3 (b) 10^{-1} (c) 10^{-2} (d) 10^{-6} (e) 10^{-9} (f) 10^{-12}				
35.	Express each of the following in kilograms				
	(a) 5.84×10^{-3} mg				
	(b) 58.34 g				
	(c) 0.584g				
	(d) 5.873×10^{-21} g				
36.	Compute the difference in masses of $10^{\rm 3}$ moles each of magnesium atoms and magnesium ions.				
	(Mass of an electron = 9.1×10^{-31} kg)				
37 .	Which has more number of atoms?				
	$100g ext{ of } N_2 ext{ or } 100 ext{ g of } NH_3$				
38.	Compute the number of ions present in $5.85\mathrm{g}$ of sodium chloride.				
39.	A gold sample contains 90% of gold and the rest copper. How many atoms of gold are present in one gram of this sample of gold?				
40 .	What are ionic and molecular compounds? Give examples.				
41.	Compute the difference in masses of one mole each of aluminium atoms and one mole of its ions. (Mass of an electron is 9.1×10^{-28} g). Which one is heavier?				
42 .	A silver ornament of mass 'm' gram is polished with gold equivalent to 1% of the mass of silver. Compute the ratio of the number of atoms of gold and silver in the ornament.				
43.	A sample of ethane (C_2H_6) gas has the same mass as 1.5×10^{20} molecules of methane (CH_4). How many C_2H_6 molecules does the sample of gas contain?				
44.	Fill in the blanks				
	(a) In a chemical reaction, the sum of the masses of the reactants and products remains unchanged. This is called ———.				
	(b) A group of atoms carrying a fixed charge on them is called ———.				
	(c) The formula unit mass of Ca_3 (PO $_4$) $_2$ is ———.				
	(d) Formula of sodium carbonate is ——— and that of ammonium				

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45. Complete the following crossword puzzle (Fig. 3.1) by using the name of the chemical elements. Use the data given in Table 3.2.

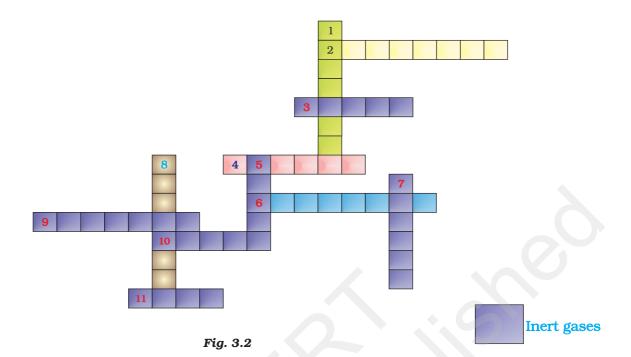
Table 3.2

Across	Down
2. The element used by Rutherford	1. A white lustrous metal used for
during his α–scattering experiment	making ornaments and which tends to get tarnished black in
3. An element which forms rust on	the presence of moist air
exposure to moist air	4. Both brass and bronze are alloys
5. A very reactive non–metal stored	of the element
under water	6. The metal which exists in the
7. Zinc metal when treated with	liquid state at room temperature
dilute hydrochloric acid	8. An element with symbol Pb
produces a gas of this element	
which when tested with burning	
splinter produces a pop sound.	



(a) In this crossword puzzle (Fig 3.2), names of 11 elements are hidden. Symbols of these are given below. Complete the puzzle.

1.	Cl	7.	Не
2.	Н	8.	F
3.	Ar	9.	Kr
4.	O	10.	Rn
5.	Xe	11.	Ne
6	N		



- **(b)** Identify the total number of inert gases, their names and symbols from this cross word puzzle.
- **47.** Write the formulae for the following and calculate the molecular mass for each one of them.
 - (a) Caustic potash
 - (b) Baking powder
 - (c) Lime stone
 - (d) Caustic soda
 - (e) Ethanol
 - (f) Common salt
- **48.** In photosynthesis, 6 molecules of carbon dioxide combine with an equal number of water molecules through a complex series of reactions to give a molecule of glucose having a molecular formula C_6 H_{12} O_6 . How many grams of water would be required to produce 18 g of glucose? Compute the volume of water so consumed assuming the density of water to be 1 g cm⁻³.

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